

# GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

## B. Pharm. Semester - 3

Subject Code 230004

Subject Name Pharmaceutical Analysis-I

Sr.No	Course content
1.	<b>Basics of drugs and formulation analysis :</b> weights, balances, importance of analysis, quality control and quality assurance, analytical methods (classification, validation parameters), requirements – chemicals (types, purification, checking purity), glasswares (types, calibration, cleaning), sampling techniques, sampling error minimization. Units of concentrations. Errors science, errors minimization.
2.	<b>Volumetric analysis: Titrimetric analysis :</b> 2.1. <b>Acid-base titrations:</b> Relative strength and its effect on titration, common ion effect, pH, Henderson-Hasselbach equation, buffers, neutralization curve, acid bas indicators, theory of indicators, back titrations, biphasic titrations, pharmacopoeial applications, hydrolysis of salts, ionic products of water and law of mass action. 2.2. <b>Redox titrations :</b> Theory of redox titrations, redox indicators, types of redox titrations, iodometry, cerrimetry, mercury metry, diazotization nitrite titrations, 2,6-dichlorophenol indophenol titrations, titration curve and calculations of potentials during course of titrations. 2.3. <b>Argentometric or precipitation titrations :</b> Mohrs, Fajans and Volhard methods 2.4. <b>Nonaqueous titrations :</b> Nonaqueous solvents, titrants and indicators. Differentiating and leveling solvents. 2.5. <b>Complexometric titrations :</b> Theory of the titrations, titrant, indicators and pharmacopoeial applications. 2.6. <b>Miscellaneous titrations :</b> Karl-Fischer titrations, Kjeldahl method.
3.	<b>Gravimetric analysis :</b> Stability, solubility products, types of precipitations, precipitation techniques, pharmacopoeial applications.
4.	<b>Extraction techniques :</b> Simple extraction, multiple extractions, separation of drugs in multicomponent system. Effect of pH on extractability of drugs, continuous extractions.
5.	<b>Miscellaneous methods:</b> Oxygen combustion flask method, gasometric method, etc.

## **Pharmaceutical Analysis-I – Practicals(230004P)**

1. Acid-base titrations: Simple, back titrations, titrations of mixtures like NaOH + Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>, borax + boric acid.
2. Redox titrations: Simple, iodometry, cerimetry, 2,6-dichlorophenol-indophenol titrations, mixtures like Fe<sup>+2</sup> + Fe<sup>+3</sup>, oxalic acid + sodium oxalate
3. Complexometric titrations: Replacement, back titrations
4. Nonaqueous titrations
5. Argentometric titrations
6. Gravimetric assay of one pharmacopoeial drug
7. Calibrations/cleaning of glasswares and checking precision and lower limit of quantitation of titrimetric method

## **Reference Books:**

1. Pharmacopoeia: USP, B.P., I.P.
2. Practical Pharm. Chemistry, Vol. I – Backett, The athlone Press of University of London.
3. Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry – Skoog, Harcourt College Publishers.
4. Quantitative chemical analysis – Vogel A. I., Pearson Education.
5. Text Book of Pharmaceutical Analsys – K. A. Connor, John Willey & Sons, New York.
6. Quantitative Chemical Analysis – Ayer by Harper & Row, New York..